

Review the following in preparation for the quarterly. You will be permitted to use a graphing calculator.

1. Test on 1.4–1.9
2. Quiz 4.1
3. Complete the quarterly review below

DO ALL WORK ON A SEPARATE SHEET OF PAPER!!

Use $f(x) = 2x - 1$ for questions #1 & 2.

1. Write the function:
 - a. $g(x)$, that is the reflection of $f(x)$ in the y -axis.
 - b. $h(x)$, that is the reflection of $f(x)$ in the x -axis.
2. Write the function $g(x)$, that shows a vertical shift of 3 up and a horizontal shift of 5 left for $f(x)$.
3. How do you determine if a relation is a function? If a relation is one-to-one?
4. If $f(x) = 2x^3 - 1$, find the inverse and graph both the function and the inverse on the same set of axes.
5. Algebraically determine if $f(x) = 3x^4 - 5x^2 + 1$ is even, odd, or neither and identify any symmetry.
6. If $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3$ and $g(x) = x + 5$, find:
 - a. $(f \circ g)(-1)$
 - b. $(g \circ f)(x)$, state the domain
 - c. $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$, state the domain
 - d. $(f - g)(x)$
7. Determine the interval(s) over which the function $f(x) = 3(x - 4)^2 + 6$ is decreasing.
8. Identify the domain of each function:
 - a. $f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 4$
 - b. $f(x) = \sqrt{x + 6} - 2$
 - c. $h(x) = \frac{3x}{x - 5}$
 - d. $k(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x + 6}}$
9. Find the zeros of the function:
 - a. $f(x) = 4x^3 - 24x^2 - x + 6$
 - b. $f(x) = 2x^2 - 7x - 30$
10. Determine whether the function is even, odd, or neither and describe the symmetry that exists, if any.
 - a. $g(x) = x^2 - 4x + 5$
 - b. $f(x) = x^3 - 5x$
 - c. $j(x) = x^4 - 5x^2 - 3$
11. If $f(x) = 3\sqrt{2x}$ and $g(x) = x - 1$, find $g(f(x))$.
12. Describe all of the transformations from the parent function for the following function:

$$d(x) = -3(-x - 4)^2 - 8$$

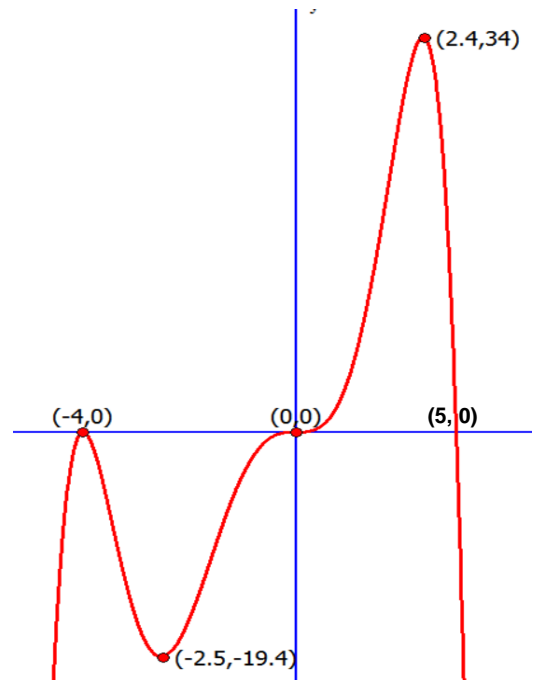
13. Analyze the function pictured. Include the following:

a. Domain & Range:

b. Inc/dec/constant intervals:

c. Find the zero(s). State your answer(s) as ordered pairs.

d. Find the relative minimum(s)/maximum(s).



14. Determine the quadrant in which the terminal side of an angle of this size lies.

$\frac{5\pi}{4}$ _____ $\frac{\pi}{2}$ _____ $\frac{9\pi}{4}$ _____ -222° _____

15. List one positive and one negative coterminal angle for each of the following angles:

108° _____ 216° _____ $\frac{5\pi}{3}$ _____ -340° _____

16. Determine supplementary angles for:

$\theta = \frac{3\pi}{4}$ _____ $\theta = 230^\circ$ _____ $\theta = 15^\circ$ _____ $\theta = \frac{5\pi}{4}$ _____

17. Determine complementary angles for: $\theta = \frac{3\pi}{5}$ _____ $\theta = 21^\circ$ _____ $\theta = 37^\circ$ _____

18. Convert the following angles to degrees: $\theta = \frac{3\pi}{5}$ _____ $\theta = \frac{3\pi}{4}$ _____

19. Convert to (degree) decimal form. Round to 3 decimal places:

$23^\circ 17' 29''$ _____ $-14^\circ 14' 14''$ _____

20. Convert the angle measures from degrees to radians or radians to degrees – round to 3 decimal places.

485° _____ $\frac{5\pi}{3}$ _____ $\frac{7\pi}{6}$ _____ $-33^\circ 15'$ _____

21. What is the central angle θ of a circle with radius 7.5 inches that subtends an arc of 22 inches?

22. What is the arc length intercepted by a central angle of 20° with a radius of 8 cm?

23. What is the area of a sector of radius 10 inches and central angle of $\theta = 25^\circ$? _____