

Thursday, September 27, 2018  
3:44 PM

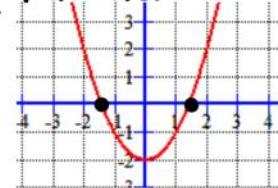
# KEY

## PRECALCULUS

## Section 1.5: FUNCTIONS (Day 3) – CLASSWORK

Determine    a) if the graph represents the graph of a function  
                     b) domain

1. **Function**



D:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

R:  $[-2, \infty)$

Zeros:  $\{-1, 5, 1.5\}$

c) range

d) zeros

2. **Function**

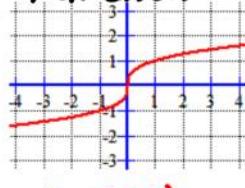


D:  $[1, \infty)$

R:  $[0, \infty)$

Zeros:  $x = 1$

3. **Function**

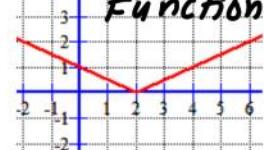


D:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

R:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

Zeros:  $x = 0$

4. **Function**



D:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

R:  $[0, \infty)$

Zeros:  $x = 2$

5. **Function**

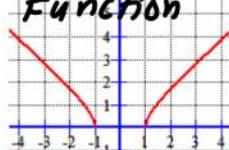


D:  $[-4, 4]$

R:  $[0, 4]$

Zeros:  $\{-4, 4\}$

6. **Function**

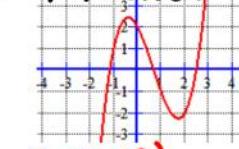


D:  $(-\infty, -1] \cup [1, \infty)$

R:  $[0, \infty)$

Zeros:  $\{-1, 1\}$

7. **Function**



D:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

R:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

X  
approximately  
Zeros:  $\{-1.1, 0.8, 2.5\}$

8. **Function**

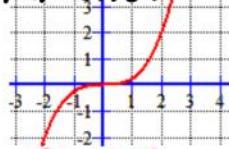


D:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

R:  $[0, \infty)$

Zeros:  $x = 0$

9. **Function**



D:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

R:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

Zeros:  $x = 0$

10. **NOT A FUNCTION**

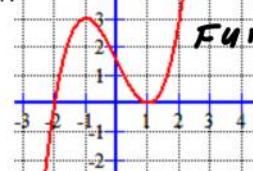


D: \_\_\_\_\_

R: \_\_\_\_\_

Zeros: \_\_\_\_\_

11. **Function**

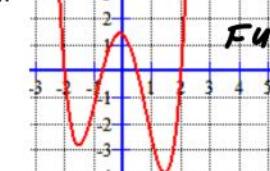


D:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

R:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

Zeros:  $\{-2, 1\}$

12. **Function**



D:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

R:  $[-4, \infty)$

Zeros:  $\{-2, -1, 1, 2, 5\}$

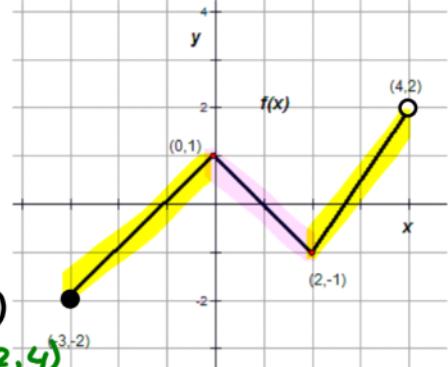
\* approximately

## PRECALCULUS

## Section 1.5: FUNCTIONS (Day 3) – CLASSWORK

13. Given the graph of the function  $f(x)$  find:

- Domain and range.  $D: [-3, 4)$   $R: [-2, 2)$
- Number of zeros of the function  $3$
- The coordinates of the y-intercept.  $(0, 1)$
- The value of  $f(-1)$   $0$
- The coordinates of all maximums.  $(0, 1)$
- The coordinates of all minimums.  $(-3, -2), (2, -1)$
- Intervals where the function increases.  $(-3, 0) \cup (2, 4)$
- Interval where the function decreases.  $(0, 2)$



14. Given the graph of the function  $f(x)$  find:

- Domain and range.  $D: (-\infty, \infty)$   $R: [-2, \infty)$
- Number of zeros of the function  $4$
- The coordinates of the y-intercept.  $(0, -1)$
- The value of  $f(-1)$   $-1$
- The coordinates of all maximums.  $(2, 1)$
- The coordinates of all minimums.  $(3, -2)$
- Intervals where the function increases.  $(1, 2) \cup (3, \infty)$
- Interval where the function decreases.  $(-3, -1) \cup (2, 3)$



15. Determine the domain of the following functions

a.  $f(x) = 3x^5 - 3x + 1$

$(-\infty, \infty)$

b.  $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x+1}$

$(-\infty, \infty)$

c.  $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x+3}}{x}$

$x \neq 0 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x+3 \geq 0 \\ x \geq -3 \end{array} \right.$

$[-3, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$

d.  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-2} + \frac{2}{x-4}$

$x \neq 2 \quad x \neq 4$

$(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, 4) \cup (4, \infty)$

e.  $f(x) = \sqrt{x+5}$

$x+5 \geq 0 \quad [-5, \infty)$   
 $x \geq -5$

f.  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 4}$

$(-\infty, \infty)$

\* When you square x it becomes positive so, D: all reals

g.  $f(x) = \frac{x-3}{x^2 + 6x - 16}$   $(x+8)(x-2) = 0$

$x = -8 \quad x \neq 2$

h.  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x-3}$

$x \neq 3$

$(-\infty, -8) \cup (-8, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$

$(-\infty, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$